

Policy for Priority Result Reporting

Purpose/Introduction

The Quest Diagnostics Priority Result Reporting Policy describes the reporting of test results assigned a variable level of Priority (P1 or P2) depending on thresholds established and amended by medical consensus and approved by the Chief Medical Officer or designee. The Priority Result Reporting Policy is in addition to the regular reporting procedure for all test results (such as reports delivered electronically or via fax or mail).

It is the ongoing responsibility of the provider to supply Quest Diagnostics with accurate and up-to-date contact information for persons who are authorized to receive Priority Value reports.

We will notify the ordering provider or authorized representative of Priority Value(s) for their patients. Thereafter, the provider or authorized representative has the responsibility of interpreting the result in the context of the patient's clinical condition and to take appropriate action, if needed. If the person notified is not qualified to make these decisions, they have a responsibility to communicate the information to a qualified person immediately.

Priority Level Definitions

Priority–1 test results are reported 24 hours/day and 7 days/week and may be "critical" as referenced in the Clinical Laboratory Improvement Amendments of 1988 (CLIA; CFR 493.1291g) and the CAP Laboratory Accreditation Program.

Priority–2 test results are reported during office hours if known, or 9 am to 5 pm, 7 days/week and may require attention prior to the receipt of routine laboratory reports.

For facilities that are known to us as a nursing home or hospital, we will use reasonable efforts to promptly communicate Priority results 24 hours/day and 7 days/week.

The Priority Value Table thresholds will not be customized (changes, deletions, or additions) without a signed client request and approval by the laboratory medical director or regional medical director.

Sincerely,

Enrique Terrazas, MD, MS

Executive Medical Director, Medical Quality & Regulatory



Chemistry / Special Chemistry		Priority 1 (called 24 hrs, 7 days)			Priority 2 (office hours, 7 days)		
Analyte		Age	Low	High	Age	Low	High
Ammonia	[umol/L]	≤18 y		>200			
Amylase	[U/L]				All		≥300
Bilirubin, total	[mg/dL]	≤2 y		≥15.0			
Calcium, total	[mg/dL]	All	≤6.0	≥13.0			
Calcium, ionized	[mg/dL]	All	≤3.2	>6.9			
СК-МВ					All		>positive cutoff value (varies with assay)
CK	[U/L]				≤18 y		≥1000
CK	[U/L]				>18 y		≥6000
Creatinine	[mg/dL]				All		≥8.00
Galactose, urine	[mg/dL]				≤2 y		>70
Galactose-1-Phosphate	[mg/dL]				≤2 y		>5.0
Glomerular Basement Membrane Ab IgG,	[AI]	All		≥1.0			
Glucose, serum * Glucose results are flagged P1–P2 regardered test (OGTT, random glucose, suplasma). When results are called to the report title of the test result should be muthe client.	erum or client, the	All	<40	≥500	All		400–499
Glucose, CSF,	[mg/dL]	All	<30				
Lipase	[U/L]				All		≥180
Magnesium, serum or plasma	[mg/dL]	All	≤1.0	≥6.1			
Phosphate (as phosphorus), serum or plasma	[mg/dL]	All	≤1.0				
Potassium, serum or plasma	[mmol/L]	All	≤2.7	≥6.2			
Sodium, serum or plasma	[mmol/L]	All	≤120	≥160			
Transferrin, Beta-2					All		Positive (Detected)
Troponin (I or T)	[ng/mL]	All		Positive >cutoff value			
Troponin, High Sensitivity (I or T)	[ng/L]	All		Positive >cutoff value			
TSH	[mIU/L]				≤1 y		≥40.00
Uric Acid	[mg/dL]				All		>14.0
Viscosity, serum [relativ	/e to water]	All		≥3.0			



Hematology / Coagulation / Urinalysis	Priority	/ 1 (called 24	hrs, 7 days)	Priority 2	(office hours	s, 7 days)
Analyte	Age	Low	High	Age	Low	High
Llomoglabia [q/dl]	≤12 y	<7.0	≥22.5	≤12 y	7.0–8.9	
Hemoglobin [g/dL]	>12 y	≤6.0	≥22.5	>12 y	6.1–7.0	
WBC [/uL]				All	<1,000	≥100,000
Neutrophils, absolute number [/uL]	All	<500		All		>30,000
Blasts, absolute number [/uL]	All		≥50,000 (any patient)	All		>0 (new patient)
Cerebrospinal fluid (CSF)	All	,	mal per local Il Director			
Malaria parasites or other organisms (Babesia, Ehrlichia, Trypanosomes etc.) [also appears in Microbiology section]	All	Positive for <i>P. falciparum</i> or unspeciated Plasmodium sp. that is possible <i>P. falciparum</i>		All	Positive for blood parasites other than <i>P. falciparum</i>	
Platelet Count, absolute number [/uL]	All	<20,000	≥2,000,000			
Partial Thromboplastin Time (aPTT) [sec.]	All		≥90			
Prothrombin Time - International Normalized Ratio (PT-INR)	All		≥8.0	All		5.0–7.9
ADAMTS13 Activity reflex to Inhibitor (Von Willebrand Factor Protease Cleaving Activity) [IU/mL]	All	≤0.30				
Coagulation Factor VIII, IX and XI Inhibitor [Bethesda Unit]				All		>2
Coagulation Factor XIII, Activity [%]				All	<20	
Coagulation Factors VIII & IX, Activity [%]	All	<5				
Cryoglobulin [%]				All		≥ 3
Fibrinogen Clotting Activity, Clauss [mg/dL]				All	<50	
Heparin [IU/mL]				All		>2.0
Heparin-Induced Platelet Antibody				All		Positive
Serotonin Release Assay [%]				All		≥20
Protein C and S Activity %				< 1 month	<10%	



Infectious Agents	Priority	1 (called 24 hrs, 7 days)	Priority 2 (office hours, 7 days)		
Analyte	Age	Result	Age	Result	
Aspergillus galactomannan antigen, serum, CSF or bronchoalveolar lavage	All	Detected CSF	All	Detected	
Bacillus anthracis, culture	All	Positive			
Bordetella pertussis, culture, antigen or nucleic acid detection			All	Positive	
Bordetella parapertussis, culture, antigen or nucleic acid detection			All	Positive	
Brucella sp., culture	All	Positive			
Burkholderia (mallei or pseudomallei) culture	All	Positive			
California Encephalitis virus IgM (Serum, CSF)			All	Detected	
Campylobacter sp. culture, antigen or nucleic acid detection			All	Detected or Isolated	
Chlamydia trachomatis, culture, nucleic acid or antigen test			<13 y	Positive	
Clostridium difficile toxin A/B and GDH Antigen are both positive, or positive PCR, cytotoxicity assay or toxigenic culture (Note: non-toxigenic strains will not be called)			All	Detected	
Corynebacterium diphtheriae, nasopharynx culture	All	Positive			
Cryptococcus antigen, serum or CSF	All	Detected			
Coxiella burnetti nucleic acid detection	All	Detected			
Culture (Any type): blood, CSF, any tissue or sterile body fluid (excluding urine and <i>H. pylori</i> from tissue biopsy)	All	PRELIM: positive any organism	All	FINAL: positive any organism	
Cytomegalovirus,nucleic acid detection and culture: All sterile body fluid including blood sources (serum, plasma, whole blood) [excluding quantitative CMV from blood sources, and genotyping]	All	Positive	Positive <1 y Positive urine or s		
Culture, Herpes Simplex Virus	<4 mos	Positive			
Eastern Equine Encephalitis virus IgM (Serum, CSF)			All	Detected	
E coli O157, culture, stool			All	Positive	
Enterobacteriaceae isolates (other than Proteus, Providencia and Morganella)			All	Resistant to any Carbapenem	
Francisella tularensis, culture	All	Positive			
Gram or other stain of direct specimen or antigen detection (blood, CSF, sterile tissue or body fluids)	All	Positive or Detected			
Nucleic acid detection: All sterile body fluid including blood sources (serum, plasma, whole blood) [excluding quantitative HIV, HCV, HBV, BKV, EBV from blood sources, and genotyping]	All	Positive: HSV, VZV, Leptospira, Rickettsial species Kingella	All	Positive for other microorganisms (Excluding borrelia species from blood source and HIV qualitative NAAT: no cal	



Infectious Agents	Priority	1 (called 24 hrs, 7 days)	Priority 2	Priority 2 (office hours, 7 days)		
Analyte	Age	Result	Age	Result		
Histoplasma, Blastomyces, Coccidiodes, Paracoccidiodes, Cryptoccocus species, or Candida auris isolated and/or detected by microscopy, antigen or nucleic acid detection	All	Positive on blood or CSF	All	Positive		
Legionella sp., culture, nucleic acid, or antigen test			All	Positive		
Malaria parasites or other blood parasites (e.g., <i>Babesia</i> , <i>Trypanosomes</i> , etc.) Antigen or nucleic acid detection, culture, or microscopy	All	Positive for <i>P. falciparum</i> or unspeciated Plasmodium sp. that is possible <i>P. falciparum</i>	All	Positive for blood parasites other than <i>P. falciparum</i>		
Measles virus (Rubeola) (nucleic acid detection)	All	Detected				
Measles IgM (antibody)			All	Positive		
Monkeypox Virus and/or Orthopoxvirus nucleic acid detection			All	Positive		
MRSA culture			All	Positive (patients in extended care or hospital setting)		
MRSA nucleic acid detection			All	Detected (patients in extended care or hospital settings)		
Mucormycosis/Zygomycosis (lung tissue or sinonasal area)	All	Positive				
Mycobacteria stain or direct specimen nucleic acid test for M tuberculosis, initial detection			All	Positive		
Mycobacteria culture, all sp., initial detection and final identification			All	Positive		
Mycobacteria tuberculosis, susceptibilities, resistant to 2 or more drugs			All	Resistant ≥2		
Neisseria gonorrhoeae, culture or nucleic acid detection			<13y	Positive		
Nocardia species			All	Positive		
Norovirus – Antigen or nucleic acid detection			All	Positive		
Pneumocystis jiroveci (carinii), stain, antigen or nucleic acid detection			All	Positive		
Respiratory syncytial virus (RSV), culture, antigen or nucleic acid detection			≤3 y	Positive		
Rotavirus, antigen or nucleic acid detection			All	Positive		
Salmonella sp. culture, antigen or nucleic acid detection			All	Detected or Isolated		
Shiga Toxin, EIA or nucleic acid detection			All	Detected		
Shigella sp., culture, antigen or nucleic acid detection			All	Detected or Isolated		
Streptococcus, Group B, culture or nucleic acid detection			<1 y	Positive		
Ureaplasma urealyticum, culture, respiratory			<1 y	Positive		
Vancomycin Intermediate or Resistant Staphylococcus aureus (VISA or VRSA)			All	Vancomycin I or R		
Vancomycin Resistant Enterococcus (VRE) culture or nucleic acid detection			All	Detected		
Vibrio sp., culture-or nucleic acid detection			All	Detected or Isolated		
West Nile virus IgM, CSF	All	Positive				



Infectious Agents	Priority 1 (called 24 hrs, 7 days)		Priority 2	(office hours, 7 days)
Analyte	Age Result		Age	Result
Yersinia sp., non-pestis, culture, antigen or nucleic acid detection			All	Detected or Isolated
Yersinia pestis, (Plague) culture	All	Positive		



TDM / Toxicology	Priority	Priority 1 (called 24 hrs, 7 days)			Priority 2 (office hours, 7 days)		
Analyte	Age	Low	High	Age	Low	High	
Acetaminophen [mg/L			≥50				
Acetone [mg/dL	_		≥50				
Amitriptyline + Nortriptyline, total [mcg/L			≥1000	All		600–999	
Amobarbital [mg/L			≥20.0				
Arsenic, blood [mcg/L				All		>60	
Butalbital [mg/L	_		>10.0				
Cadmium, 24hr urine [mcg/L] All		>10.0				
Cadmium, blood [mcg/L] All		≥30.0	All		10.0–29.9	
Caffeine [mg/L] All		≥50.0	<1 y		40.0–49.9	
Carbamazepine, total [mg/L] All		≥20.0				
Carboxyhemoglobin [% of total Hgb			≥20				
Chlorpromazine [ng/mL			≥750				
Chlorpromazine [ng/mL	_		≥750				
Clomipramine and Metabolite, total [ng/mL	•		≥600				
Clozapine [ng/mL			≥900				
Cobalt, blood [mcg/L			≥400				
Cobalt, urine [mcg/L	_			All		≥250	
Cyanide [mg/L			≥1.0	All		0.5-0.9	
Cyclosporine, trough [mcg/L	-		≥600	All		400–599	
Desethylamiodarone [mcg/mL			>2.5			100 000	
Desipramine [mcg/L	-		≥600				
Diazepam and Nordiazepam, total [mg/L	•		≥3.0				
Digoxin [mcg/L	-		≥3.0				
Disopyramide [mg/L			≥7.0				
Doxepin + Nordoxepin, total [mcg/L	-		≥600				
Ethanol, serum and blood [mg/dL			≥250				
Ethosuximide [mg/L	•		≥150				
Ethylene glycol [mg/L	-		≥100				
Flecainide [mg/L	-		≥1.0				
Fluphenazine [mcg/L	-		+				
	_		≥50	All		>20	
Haloperidol, serum [ng/mL] Ibuprofen [mg/L]	_		≥100	All		/20	
Imipramine or Desipramine, total [mcg/L			≥600				
	-	+	≥50				
		+		٨١١		>120	
Lead, 24hr urine [mcg/L	_		>45.0	All		≥120 20.0–44.9	
Lead, blood [mcg/dL		1	≥45.0	<6 y			
Levetiracetam, peak [mg/L		+	+	All		>70 >37	
Levetiracetam, trough [mg/L Lidocaine [mg/L		+	\\ \	All		/31	
			≥6.0				
Lithium [mmol/L			≥2.0				
Meconium Drug Testing (confirmation)	All		Positive				
Mephobarbital [mg/L	_	1	≥60.0				
Mercury, urine, 24 hr [mcg/L] All		≥150			1	



TDM / Toxicology		Priority	Priority 1 (called 24 hrs, 7 days)			Priority 2 (office hours, 7 days)		
Analyte		Age	Low	High	Age	Low	High	
Methanol	[mg/dL]	All		≥5				
Methemoglobin	[% of total Hgb]	All		≥35.0				
Methotrexate at 24 h	[µmol/L]	All		≥5.00				
Methsuximide, as Normethsu	uximide [mg/L]	All		>40.0				
Mexiletine	[mg/L]	All		≥5.0	All		2.0-4.9	
Mycophenolic Acid	[mcg/mL]	All	<0.5		All	0.5–1.0	>3.5	
Mycophenolic Acid Glucuron	ide [mcg/mL]				All	<35.0		
Nortriptyline	[mcg/L]	All		≥500				
Phenobarbital	[mg/L]	All		≥60.0				
Phenytoin	[mg/L]	All		≥40.0				
Phenytoin, free	[mg/L]	All		>3.0				
Plazomicin	[mcg/mL]	All		≥ 3.0				
Primidone	[mg/L]	All		>15.0				
Procainamide	[mg/L]	All		≥14.0				
Procainamide + NAPA, total	[mg/L]	All		>30.0				
Propafenone	[mg/L]	All		>2.0				
Protriptyline	[mcg/L]	All		>500				
Quinidine	[mg/L]	All		≥10.0				
Salicylates	[mg/L]	All		≥400				
Sirolimus (Rapamycin)	[mcg/L]				All		≥35.0	
Tacrolimus (FK 506)	[mcg/L]				All	≤4.9	>20.0	
Thallium, blood	[mcg/L]	All		≥80				
Thallium, urine, 24 hr	[mcg/L]	All		≥200				
Theophylline	[mg/L]	<6 m		>10.0				
Theophylline	[mg/L]	≥ 6 m		≥40.0				
Valproic Acid	[mg/L]	All		≥150.0				
Vancomycin, peak	[mg/L]	All		≥80.0	All		>40.0	
Vancomycin, random	[mg/L]	All		≥80.0	All		>40.0	
Vancomycin, trough	[mg/L]	All		≥80.0	All		>20.0	



Genomic Services Testing	Priority 2 (office hours, 7 days)					
Analyte	Result					
Acylcarnitine, plasma	Result is consistent with a known or suspected inborn error of metabolism					
Acylglycines, Quantitative Panel, Urine	Result is consistent with a known or suspected inborn error of metabolism					
Alpha-1 Antitrypsin (AAT) Mutation Analysis	Homozygous positive and positive for z and s					
Alpha-Globin Common Mutation Analysis	Positive for 3 or 4 alpha globin genes					
Alpha-Globin Gene Deletion or Duplication	Deletion of 3 or 4 alpha globin genes					
Amino acid, Limited	Result is consistent with a known or suspected inborn error of metabolism					
Amino acid, plasma	Result is consistent with a known or suspected inborn error of metabolism					
Amino acid, urine	Result is consistent with a known or suspected inborn error of metabolism					
Amniotic fluid open neural tube defect screen	MOM value ≥ 2.0 MOM					
Ashkenazi Jewish Panel (4, 11, or 18 test)	Homozygous, or Compound Heterozygous, or Not Interpretable					
Beta Globin Gene Dosage Analysis	Homozygous, or Compound Heterozygous					
Beta-Globin Complete	Homozygous, or Compound Heterozygous					
Biotinidase	Values ≤5.5 nmol/mL/min					
Bloom Syndrome DNA Mutation Analysis	Homozygous, or Compound Heterozygous, or Not Interpretable					
CAH (21-Hydroxylase Deficiency) Common Mutations	Homozygous, or Compound Heterozygous					
Canavan Disease Mutation Analysis	Not Interpretable					
Carnitine, Free	Free carnitine ≤ 5 umol/L					
Carnitine and acylcarnitine	Result is consistent with a known or suspected inborn error of metabolism					
Cystic Fibrosis Gene Deletion or Duplication	Homozygous, or Compound Heterozygous					
Cystic Fibrosis Screen	Homozygous, or Compound Heterozygous, Clinically Affected, or Not Interpretable					
Cystine	Above 150 mmol/mol creatinine					
Cystine 24 hr	Above 1000 umol/24 hrs					
Dihydrolipoamide Dehydrogenase Deficiency	Homozygous, or Compound Heterozygous, or Not Interpretable					
Dihydropyrimidine Dehydrogenase (DPD) Gene Mutation Analysis	Heterozygous and homozygous positive					
Factor V Leiden	Homozygous					
Factor XI Mutation Analysis (Ashkenazi Jewish)	Homozygous, or Compound Heterozygous					
Familial Dysautonomia Mutation Analysis	Not Interpretable					
Familial Hypercholesterolemia	Pathogenic or Likely Pathogenic					
Familial Hyperinsulinism	Homozygous, or Compound Heterozygous, or Not Interpretable					
Familial Mediterranean Fever Mutation Analysis	Homozygous, or Compound Heterozygous					
Fanconi's Anemia DNA Mutation Analysis	Homozygous, or Compound Heterozygous, or Not Interpretable					
Galactosemia Mutation Analysis	Homozygous, or Compound Heterozygous					
Gaucher Disease, DNA Mutation Analysis	Homozygous, or Compound Heterozygous, or Not Interpretable					
Glycogen Storage Disease Type la Mutation Analysis	Homozygous, or Compound Heterozygous, or Not Interpretable					
Hemophilia A (FACTOR VIII) Inversions	Affected male, Affected female					
Joubert Syndrome 2	Not Interpretable					
Long Chain Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenase (LCHAD) Mutation Analysis	Homozygous, or Compound Heterozygous					



Genomic Services Testing	Priority 2 (office hours, 7 days)				
Analyte	Result				
Maple Syrup Disease (MSUD) Mutation Analysis (Ashkenazi)	Homozygous, or Compound Heterozygous, or Not Interpretable				
Maternal Serum Biochemical Screening	MSS Screen positive for ONTD, Dov trisomy 18, or High risk for Down syr	vn syndrome; &/or ndrome &/or trisomy 18			
Medium Chain Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenase (MCAD) Mutation Analysis	Homozygous, or Compound Heteroz	rygous			
Mucolipidosis Type IV Mutation Analysis	Not Interpretable				
Nemalin Myopathy	Homozygous, or Compound Heteroz	ygous, or Not Interpretable			
Niemann-Pick Disease Mutation Analysis	Not Interpretable				
Organic acid, comprehensive	Result is consistent with a known or	suspected inborn error of metabolism			
Organic acid, limited	Result is consistent with a known or	suspected inborn error of metabolism			
Phenylketonuria (PKU) Mutation Analysis	Homozygous, or Compound Heteroz	ygous			
Porphobilinogen	0-18 yr-old: above 3.6 mg/g creat More than 18 yr old: above 2.2 mg/g creat				
Porphobilinogen, urine 24 hr	Above 3.4 mg/24 hr				
Porphyrins, Fractionated, Plasma	Uroporphyrin	Above 20 mcg/L			
	Protoporphyrin	Above 40 mcg/L			
	Uroporphyrin I	Above 200 mcg/g creat			
Porphyrins, Fractionated, Quantitative, 24-Hour urine	Uroporphyrin III	Above 60 mcg/g creat			
	Coproporphyrin III	Above 1000 mcg/g creat			
Porphyrins, Total, Plasma	Above 50 mcg/L				
	Uroporphyrin I	Above 200 mcg/g creat			
Porphyrins, Urine	Uroporphyrin III	Above 60 mcg/g creat			
	Coproporphyrin III	Above 600 mcg/g creat			
Prothrombin (Factor II) 20210G>A Mutation Analysis	Homozygous positive	,			
Serum Methylmalonic Acid	≥2,000nmol/L				
SMA Carrier Screen	SMN1 copies = 0				
SMA Diagnostic Test	SMN1 copies = 0				
Tay-Sachs Disease Mutation Analysis	Not Interpretable				
TPMT Genotype	Intermediate metabolizer, poor metabolizer				
Usher Syndrome Type IF	Not Interpretable				
Usher Syndrome Type III	Not Interpretable				
Very Long Chain Fatty Acids	Result is consistent with a known or suspected inborn error of metabolism				
Walker Warburg Syndrome	Not Interpretable				



Pathology / Hematopathology	Priority 1 (called 24 hrs, 7 days)	Priority 2 (office hours, 7 days)		
Ordered Test	Interpretation	Interpretation		
Gyn Cytology (Pap)		Herpes changes, if pregnancy indicated on requisition Adenocarcinoma in situ Suspicious for malignancy Positive for malignancy**		
Non–Gyn Cytology		Suspicious for malignancy Positive for malignancy**		
Hematopathology (including Flow Cytometry, FISH, and Molecular)	This section should be customized by the local Laboratory Medical Director to reflect the type of testing done in their facility and the client expectations in their area. It is at the discretion of the pathologist to determine the need to call a clinician 24/7 or during office hours, since the decision may differ when the diagnosis is made via comprehensive testing included tissue and flow and molecular or genetic tests, or if only a subset of these tests are ordered. Initial diagnosis of acute leukemia should minimally be considered a P2. Initial diagnosis of acute promyelocytic leukemia, or Clinical Impression APL (with either positive negative findings) should be considered a P1.			
Tissue Biopsy	Frozen section results Presence of adipose tissue in an endometrial biopsy	POC without identifiable placental villi or fetal parts Suspicious for malignancy** Positive for malignancy** Significant unexpected surgical pathology findings as determined by pathologist		

^{**} Excluding squamous/basal cell skin carcinomas and/or re-excision of known recently diagnosed malignancy but includes cases in which biopsy is a follow-up to cytology report. It is not intended that pre-malignant conditions such as CIN3, high grade PIN, complex endometrial hyperplasia, etc. be considered "Suspicious for Malignancy" unless the pathologist has made an additional comment to that effect

It is at the discretion of the pathologist to determine if the findings need to be brought to the clinician's attention after office hours.